Chapter 8, Reform Movements: "It Happens First in Kansas"

Chapter 8 Test

Matching: Write the Correct letter next to the name of the person it describes.

- 1. Annie Diggs
- 2. Emanuel and Marcet Haldeman-Julius
- 3. Mary Elizabeth Lease
- 4. Carry A. Nation
- 5. Kate Richards O'Hare
- 6. William Peffer
- 7. "Sockless" Jerry Simpson
- 8. Julius A. Wayland
- 9. William Allen White
- a. Populist elected to the US Congress from Kansas who accused his opponent of wearing silk socks as a symbol of wealth.
- b. The first Populist US Senator who believed that public functions should be exercised by public agents.
- c. Started the Socialist paper Appeal to Reason.
- d. Powerful Populist speaker who claimed that Wall Street owned the country
- e. Developed an inexpensive book series knows as "Little Blue Books".
- f. First women to run for the US Senate, ran as a Socialist.
- g. Worked for Prohibition in defense of the family.
- h. Newspaper writer who brought together the issues of women movement (suffrage) and Populism.
- i. Write the editorial "What's the Matter with Kansas?"

Multiple Choice: Circle the letter of the correct answer.

10. The term the Gilded Age comes from:

- a. A newspaper article written by Emporia Gazette editor William Allen White.
- b. Historians who wrote about the Age of Reform

- c. A novel about the materialism and corruption of the late 1800s written by Mark Twain and Charles Dudley Warner
- d. A collection of diamond jewelry made to worn by dogs owned by the rich and famous.
- 11. The Prohibition movement wanted to:
 - a. Ban electioneering
 - b. Prohibit the manufacturing and sale of alcohol
 - c. Equalize the income tax structure
 - d. Abolish government land grants
- 12.Kansas was the first state to:
 - a. Allow the manufacturing of alcohol for scientific research
 - b. Allow the use of alcohol for medical reasons
 - c. Ban the use of alcohol for personal use
 - d. Pass a constitutional amendment that outlawed the manufacturing or sale of alcohol.
- 13. The movement for universal suffrage in Kansas:
 - a. Attempted to win the vote for both women and African Americans
 - b. Wanted to prohibit private ownership of any industries
 - c. Attempted to give political power to the farmers in the struggle for better economic conditions.
 - d. Wanted to give women the right to vote in municipal elections
- 14. The same year women in Kansas were given the right to vote in municipal elections:
 - a. They lost their rights to own property separate from their husbands
 - b. The city of Argonia elected the first woman mayor in the history of the United States, Susanna Salter.
 - c. They stayed a strike to support their right to vote in all elections
 - d. They started a campaign against child labor.
- 15. Populism was a national movement closely associate with
 - a. Farmers
 - b. Socialists
 - c. Railroad owners
 - d. Big business
- 16.Populism developed as a response to
 - a. Unhealthy working conditions in factories

- b. A government that was viewed as more interested in moral issues
- c. High debts and low prices for farmers
- d. The writings of Emporia editor William Allen White
- 17.A stand-off or legislative war occurred after the 1892 election because it was unclear who had women the majority of:
 - a. Presidential votes
 - b. Votes for Governor
 - c. Seats the U.S. Senate
 - d. Seats in the Kansas house of Representatives
- 18.In his editorial "What's the Matter with Kansas" William Allen White;
 - a. Complained that the Populists made Kansas look foolish and therefore the state had lost people and money.
 - b. Complained that they railroads were becoming monopolies and therefore were charging farmers prices that were too high.
 - c. Wanted to see Kansas become more of a Socialist state, by putting the power in the hands of the people rather than in business.
 - d. Discussed all the reasons he did not like Kansas and why he was planning to sell his newspaper and move out of state.
- 19. What Kansas newspaper expressed the views of Socialism?
 - a. Harper's Weekly
 - b. Emporia Gazette
 - c. Appeal to Reason
 - d. Topeka Daily Journal
- 20. The purpose of the "Little Blue Books" was to
 - a. Make literature affordable to everyone
 - b. Tell the story of the Kansas farmer
 - c. Provide factual and neutral information on American politics
 - d. Publish books that only used blue ink to help the printing industry cut costs.

Short Answer: Use complete sentences to answer the following question.

21. Describe the conditions that led to the rise of Populism.